

Bladder	BLA-dur	The organ that holds urine, liquid body waste
Circumcised	SUR-come-SIZED	Surgical removal of all or part of foreskin of he penis
Ejaculation	e-JACK-u-LAY-shun	Forceful sending out of seminal fluid from the penis
Estrogen	ES-tro-gen	Female sex hormone produced by the ovaries
Fertilization	FER-til-iz-a-shun	Union of the ovum (female) egg with the sperm (male sex cell)
Flaccid	FLAH-sid	The relaxed or soft state of the penis
Foreskin	FOUR-skin	Loose skin covering the end of the penis
Masturbation	MASS-tur-bait-shun	To touch, rub, stroke or squeeze your genitals for sexual pleasure
Nocturnal Emission	nok-TUR-nul-ee-MI-shun	The passing of semen from the urethra during sleep, a wet dream
Penis	PEE-nis	The male reproductive organ involved in sexual intercourse and elimination of urine
Pre-ejaculatory Fluid	PREE-ih-JACK-u-leh-TOR-ee FLEW-ed	A clear liquid fluid appears at the tip of the penis before ejaculation
Progesterone	pro-JES-ter-ohne	A hormone that is involved with the menstrual cycle and pregnancy
Prostate Gland	PROS-tayt	A gland near the male bladder and urethra, which secretes a thin fluid that is part of semen
Reproduction	REE-pro-Duck-shun	The process of conceiving and bearing children
Scrotum	SKRO-tum	The pouch of skin behind the Penis that holds the testes

Semen	SEE-men seminal fluid and sperm	A thick fluid, containing a mixture
Seminal Fluid	SEM-ih-nul FLEW-id	The prostate gland makes seminal fluid, which mixes with sperm to form semen
Sperm	spurm	A mature male sex cell
Testicles	TES-ti-kulz	Two male reproductive glands, which produce sperm and the hormone testosterone
Testosterone	tes-TAH-stuh-rone	A male sex hormone which causes the development of secondary sexual characteristics
Urethra	you-REE-thra	A canal that carries urine from the bladder to the urinary opening. In males, it is also the passage for semen.
Urine	YOU-rin	Liquid waste from the body, (pee)
Vas deferens	vaz DEFF-e-renz from the testis to the urethra	A thin tube that transports sperm
Areola	a-RE-o-la	The darker pigmented area surrounding the nipple
Breast Buds	breast-buds	The first stage of breast development during puberty; small swellings directly underneath the nipple
Cervix	CER-vix	The neck of the uterus, which leads into the vagina and has a small opening through which menstrual fluid escapes
Embryo	EM-bri-o	A name given to a fertilized ovum from the second through eighth

week

Endocrine Gland	EN-do-krin	An organ that manufactures hormones and sends them out into the bloodstream
Endometrium	EN-do-ME-tri-um	The mucous membrane lining the inner surface of the uterus
Erectile Tissue	E-rek-til	Spongy tissue containing many blood vessels, it becomes rigid and erect when filled with blood
Epididymis	Ep-i-DID-i-mis	A coiled tube through which sperm exit the testes
Erection	E-REK-shun	Hardening of the penis
Estrogen	ES-tro-gen	Female sex hormone produced by the ovaries
Fallopian Tubes	Fa-LO-pian	Tubes that move the female egg or ovum from the ovary to the uterus
Fertiization	FER-til-iz-A-shun sperm	Union of the ovum or egg with the sperm
Genitals	GEN-it-als	Reproductive organs
Heredity	He-RED-i-ty	The passing on of characteristics from parent to child
Hormones	HOR-mones	Special chemicals secreted by endocrine glands, which cause changes in specific areas of the body.
Hymen	HI-men	A fold of flexible skin that partially covers the vaginal opening
Menarche	MEN-ark	The first menstrual period
Menstrual		

Cycle	MEN-strual	The period of time from the beginning of menstruation through a series of regularly occurring changes in the ovaries and uterus until the beginning of the next menstrual period
Pubic Hair	PU-bic	Hair over the pubic bone in boys and girls during puberty
Puberty	PU-ber-te	The period of life during which an individual becomes capable of reproduction
Vagina	Va-JI-na	The canal that forms the passageway from the uterus to the outside of the body in a female
Vaginal Discharge	VA-ji-nal DIS-Charge	A normal white or yellowish fluid from the vagina